

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: TRETOLITE™ DMO8042Y DEMULSIFIER
	™ a trademark of Baker Hughes Incorporated.
Product code	: DMO8042Y
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Demulsifier.
Print date	: 12/5/2014.
Validation date	: 12/5/2014.
Version	: 1
Supplier's details	: Baker Petrolite A Baker Hughes Company 12645 W. Airport Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 For Product Information/MSDSs Call: 800-231-3606 (8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. cst, Monday - Friday) 281-276-5400
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	<ul> <li>CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 (U.S. 24 hour) Baker Petrolite: 800-231-3606 (001)281-276-5400 CANUTEC: 613-996-6666 (Canada 24 hours) CHEMTREC Int'l 01-703-527-3887 (International 24 hour)</li> </ul>

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects] - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	

**Precautionary statements** 

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Light aromatic naphtha	20 - 30	64742-95-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10 - 20	95-63-6
Alkyl benzenesulfonic acid	10 - 20	68584-22-5
2-Ethylhexanol	5 - 10	104-76-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5 - 10	108-67-8
Xylene	1 - 5	1330-20-7
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1 - 5	526-73-8
Ammonium alkylaryl sulfonates	1 - 5	Trade secret.
Cumene	0.1 - 1	98-82-8
Ethylbenzene	0.1 - 1	100-41-4
Sulfuric acid	0.1 - 1	7664-93-9

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessar	<u>y first aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

## Section 4. First aid measures

	person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash affected area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20 - 60 minutes. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe						
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.					
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.					
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.					
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause burns to mouthroat and stomach.	uth,				
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ns</u>					
Eye contact	pain,watering,redness					
Inhalation	respiratory tract irritation,coughing,nausea or vomiting,headache,drowsiness/fat dizziness/vertigo,unconsciousness	igue,				
Skin contact	pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur					
Ingestion	stomach pains					
Indication of immediate me	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary					
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be dela The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours					
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.					
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.					

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **Additional information**

If product is ingested and vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration into the lungs.

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: carbon dioxide,carbon monoxide,nitrogen oxides,sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system or surface or ground water. Notify any reportable spill to authorities. (See section 12 for environmental risks and 13 for disposal information.) Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

If RQ (Reportable Quantity) is exceeded, report to National Spill Response Office at 1-800-424-8802.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from alkalis. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters										
Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			g		
List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
US ACGIH	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
US ACGIH	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
US ACGIH	100	434	-	- 150	- 651	-	-	-	-	
OSHA PEL 1989	100	435	-	- 150	- 655	-	-	-	-	
OSHA PEL 1989	25	123 125	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	-	
OSHA PEL	50	- 245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1] [1]
US ACGIH	20	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
OSHA PEL 1989	100 100	435	-	- 125	- 545	-	-	-	-	
OSHA PEL	-	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
	List name US ACGIH OSHA PEL 1989 US ACGIH	List name         ppm           US ACGIH         25           OSHA PEL 1989         25           US ACGIH         25           OSHA PEL 1989         25           US ACGIH         100           OSHA PEL 1989         100           OSHA PEL         100           OSHA PEL         100           OSHA PEL         100           OSHA PEL         100           US ACGIH         25           OSHA PEL 1989         100           US ACGIH         50           OSHA PEL 1989         50           US ACGIH         20           OSHA PEL 1989         100           US ACGIH         20           OSHA PEL 1989         100           US ACGIH         -           OSHA PEL 1989         100           US ACGIH         -           OSHA PEL         -	List name         ppm         mg/m³           US ACGIH         25         123           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125           US ACGIH         25         123           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125           US ACGIH         25         123           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125           US ACGIH         100         434           OSHA PEL         100         435           OSHA PEL         100         435           US ACGIH         25         123           OSHA PEL         1989         100         435           US ACGIH         25         123         0           SHA PEL         1989         25         125           US ACGIH         50         -         0           OSHA PEL         50         245         0           OSHA PEL         100         435         0           US ACGIH         20         -         0         35           OSHA PEL         100         435         0         435           US ACGIH         20         -         0.2         0           OSHA PEL         1989 <t< td=""><td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other           US ACGIH         25         123         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -           US ACGIH         100         434         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -           OSHA PEL         1989         100         435         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -           OSHA PEL         1989         25         125         -           US ACGIH         50         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         50         245         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -<td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -         -           US ACGIH         100         434         -         150           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -           OSHA PEL         1989         25         125         -         -           US ACGIH         50         - 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        150         651           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         50         245         -         -         -           US ACGIH         20         -         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100</td> <td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm         mg/m³         Other           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -         -         -         -           OSHA PEL 1989         25         125         -         -         -         -         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -         -         -         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -         -         -         -           US ACGIH         25         125         -         -         -         -         -           US ACGIH         100         434         -         150         651         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         100         435         -         -         -         -         -           US ACGIH         25         123         -         -         -         -         -           OSHA PEL         1989</td> <td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm           US ACGIH         25         123         -</td> <td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm         mg/m³           US ACGIH         25         123         -</td> <td>List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         D         D         D</td>	List name         ppm         mg/m³         Other         ppm           US ACGIH         25         123         - 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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

[1]Absorbed through skin. **Form:** [a]Thoracic fraction

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Only components of this product with established exposure limits appear in the box above.

If OSHA permissible exposure levels are shown above they are the OSHA 1989 levels or are from subsequent OSHA regulatory actions. Although the 1989 levels have been vacated the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, Baker Hughes recommends that these lower exposure levels be observed as reasonable worker protection.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical safety goggles. When transferring material wear face-shield in addition to chemical safety goggles. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.</li> </ul>
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant gloves.
Skin protection	: Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory protection	: If a risk assessment indicates it is necessary, use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Aromatic solvent.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 2
	: 5% of product
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Initial Boiling Point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 40°C (104°F) [PMCC]
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.929 (15.6°C)
Density	: 7.74 (lbs/gal)
Solubility in water	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
VOC	: Not available.
Pour Point	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Light aromatic naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Alkyl benzenesulfonic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	775 mg/kg	-
2-Ethylhexanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	0.89 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1970 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2049 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Male rat	3523 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	10000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	7 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

# Section 11. Toxicological information

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	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.9 g/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Sulfuric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

No applicable toxicity data

#### **Sensitization**

No applicable toxicity data

### **Mutagenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene	-	3	-
Cumene		2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene		2B	-
Sulfuric acid		1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No applicable toxicity data

### **Teratogenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light aromatic naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-Ethylhexanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Sulfuric acid	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not applicable.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
0	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ts</u>	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral	2561.4 mg/kg	
Dermal	10670.9 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	135583 ppm	
Inhalation (vapors)	57.11 mg/l	

# Section 12. Ecological information

### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Tilapia zillii	96 hours
Alkyl benzenesulfonic acid	Acute EC50 5.65 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
2-Ethylhexanol	Acute LC50 75 mg/dm3 Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 12520 to 15050 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 7400 to 11290 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 30500 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 to 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2/5/2014.	DMO8042Y		9/12

## Section 12. Ecological information

	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours 96 hours
Sulfuric acid	Acute LC50 42500 µg/l Marine water	subcapitata	19 hours
	Acute LC50 42500 µg/i Marine water Acute LC50 42 ppm Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2924	UN2924	UN2924	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Contains: Light aromatic naphtha, Alkyl benzenesulfonic acid)			
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
Packing group	Ш	Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.
2/5/2014				10/12

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code					
DOT Reportable Quantity	Xylene, 350 gal of this product.				
Marine pollutant	Light aromatic naphtha 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene				

North-America NAERG : 132

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 12(b) one-time export: No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; Naphthalene; sulphuric acid; Ethylbenzene

### Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

#### SARA 302/304

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Sulfuric acid Sulfur dioxide	0.1 - 1 < 0.1	Yes. Yes.	1000 500	66.3 -	1000 500	66.3 -

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Supplier notification	Xylene	1330-20-7	10 - 20 1 - 5 0.1 - 1

### Canada

Canada (CEPA DSL):

: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### **History**

**Date of printing** : 12/5/2014.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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